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Centro de Investigaciones y Estudios en Biodiversidad y Recursos Genéticos



Departamento Administrativo de
Ciencia, Tecnología e Innovación
Colciencias
República de Colombia



The guadua bamboo forests in the Coffee region of Colombia: beyond of carbon sequestration



Juan Carlos Camargo G.



WORLD
BAMBOO
CONGRESS

ANTWERP, BELGIUM APRIL 10-15, 2012



**Some reflections:
From research and
possibilities of bamboo
to provide ecosystems
services...**

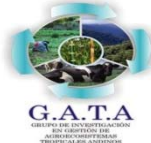
Contents

- 1. Context and bamboo forests (guadua)**
- 2. Bamboo forests and ecosystems services**
- 3. Bamboo (guadua) and carbon sequestration**
- 4. Final considerations**



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1. Context...



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Caribbean Sea



Panamá

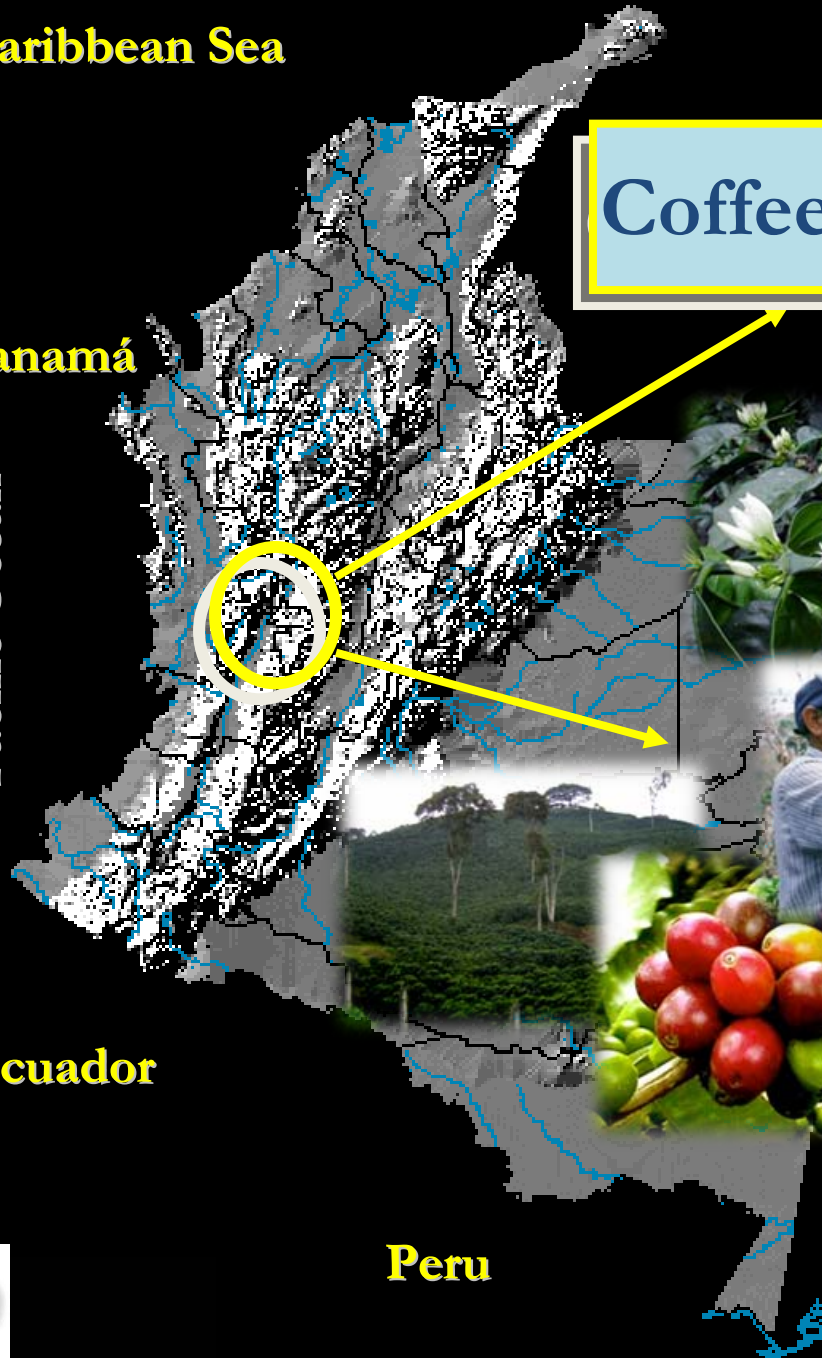
Pacific Ocean

Ecuador

Peru

Brasil

Coffee Region



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TROPICAL Y ALIMENTOS

The original forest cover was transformed by farmers, first to coffee plantations and thereafter to pastures (with negative consequences).



Within a matrix of pastures the remnants of forest are dominated by the bamboo species *Guadua angustifolia*....



Guadua angustifolia in the coffee region of Colombia



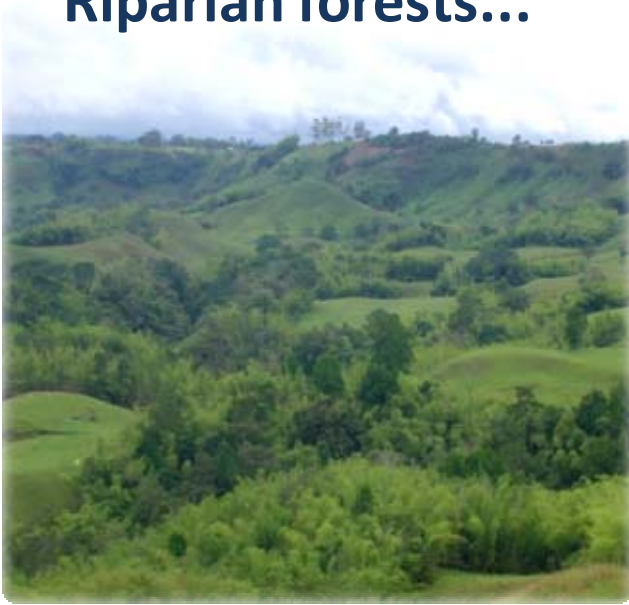
Distributed from 900 up to 2000 m

According to the last inventory 28000 ha
(Kleinn & Morales 2006)

Mostly (97%) natural

Different in terms of structure and floristic
composition (Ospina 2002, Camargo & Cardona
2005)

Riparian forests...

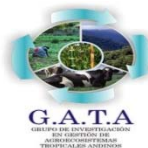


Pattern highly fragmented:



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2. Guadua bamboo forests and ecosystems services



- Remnants of forests
- Fragmented
- Riparian



Contribute to enhance their value



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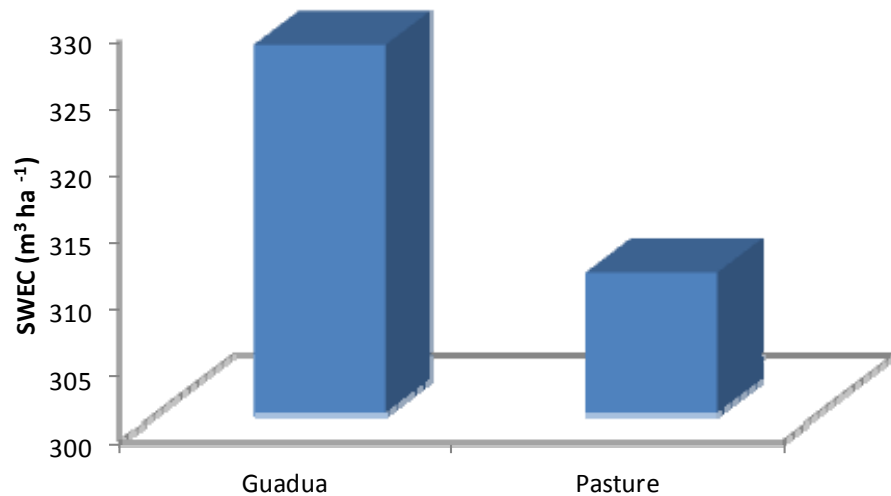
Soil protection



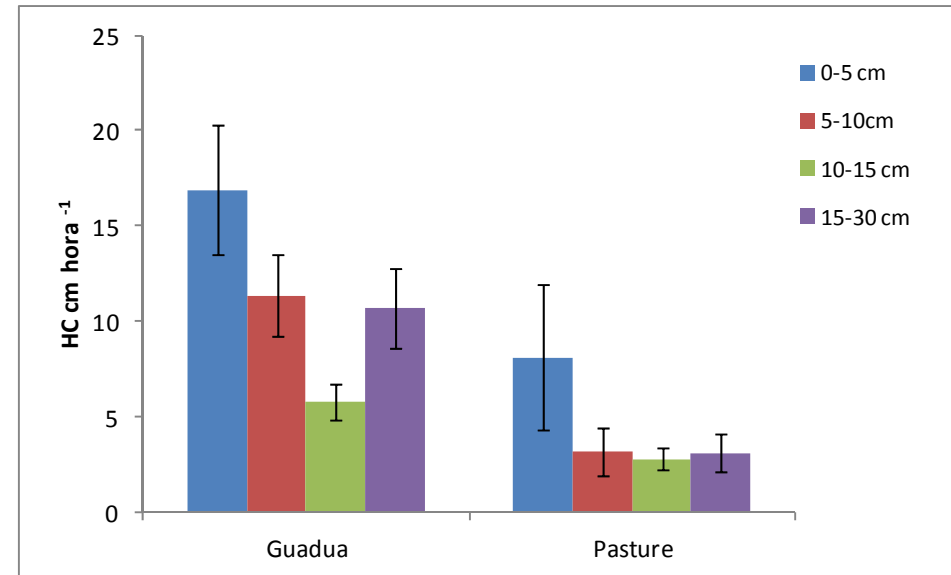
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A)



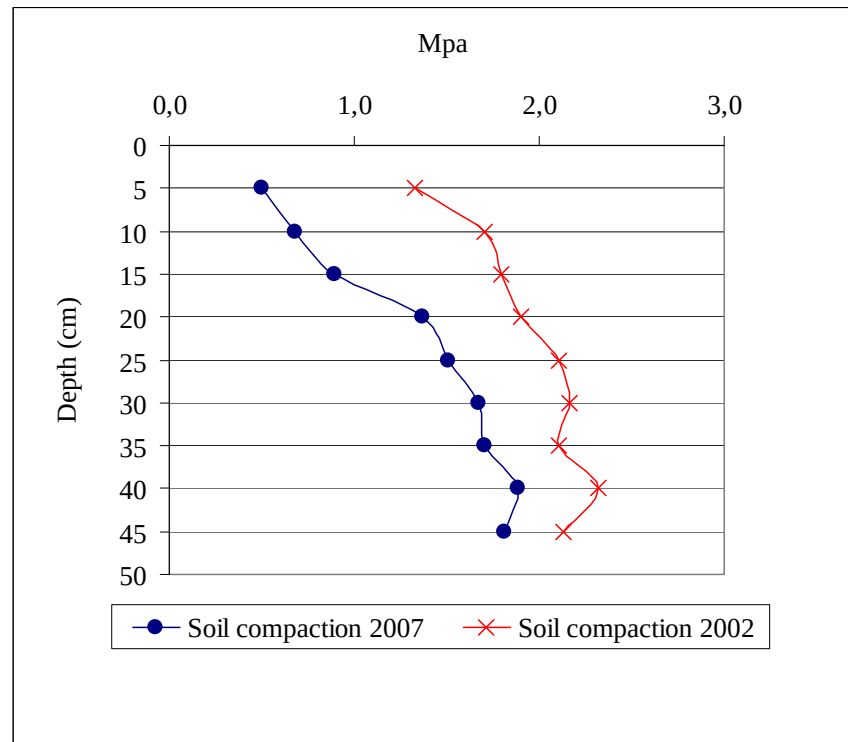
B)

Soil water storage capacity ($\text{m}^3 \text{ha}^{-1}$) A) and Hydraulic conductivity (cm hour^{-1}) B) of soils under guadua bamboo forests and pastures. Coffee region of Colombia



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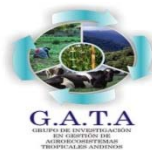


Changes in soil compaction after planting guadua. Coffee region of Colombia



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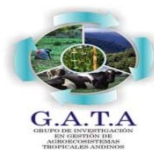


Biodiversity conservation...



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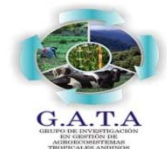
Biodiversity values registered within guadua bamboo forests

Organisms	Number of species	Source	Observations
Vegetation	63	Ospina (2002)	Dbh > 10 cm
Vegetation	182	Ospina (2002)	Dbh < 10 cm
Birds	69	Fajardo et al. (2009)	
Bats	5	Perez et al. (2009)	



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About 70% of plants biodiversity in this area is confined within guadua bamboo patches .

Organisms fulfil ecological functions and provide benefits to surrounding agroecosystems.



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Contribution to the ecological restoration





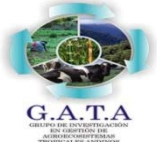
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3. Bamboo and carbon sequestration:



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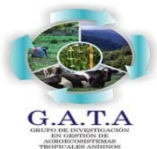


may bamboo really contribute to mitigate climate change?



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Species	Culms ha ⁻¹	C t ha ⁻¹	Reference
<i>Guadua angustifolia</i>	11827	20,9 (7 años)	Camargo 2012
<i>Bambusa oldhammi</i>	10101	51,98* (7 años)	Castañeda-Mendoza <i>et al.</i> 2005
<i>Phyllostachys heterocycla</i>		40.6*	Tian-Ming y Joou-Shian. 2011
<i>Phyllostachys heterocycla</i>		9,9 - 34.16*	Xiaojun X. <i>et al.</i> 2011
<i>Phyllostachys heterocycla</i> var. pubescens)		37,1	Huaqiang, <i>et al.</i> 2011
<i>Phyllostachys pubescens</i>	3300	3,1** (10 años)	Lou <i>et al.</i> 2010
<i>Phyllostachys pubescens</i>		91*(5-8 años)	Isagi <i>et al.</i> 1997
<i>Bambusa bambos</i>		149* (6 años)	Shanmughavel <i>et al.</i> , 2002

C = carbon * = Above ground carbon ; ** = Average of net anual carbon ; age in parentheses



“The answer is yes”

However that's not enough :

As bamboo culms die after 10 or 12 years (*G. anstutifolia*) and consequently decay.

CO₂ - Products- Durability



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Beyond of the bamboo capacity to fix CO_2 , there is an economical interest...

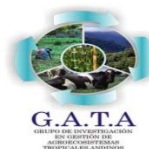


- Standards
- Approaches
- Good estimates



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• CDM

• VCS

• REDD+



Critical factors of biomass estimates

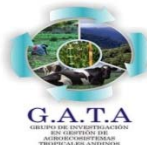


- Species
- Growth pattern
- Density (culms per ha)
- Maturity or age (plantation vs. natural)
- Losses
- Approaches



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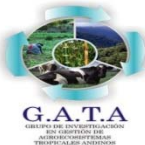


Growth pattern...



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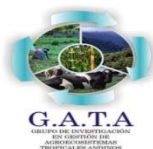
Consequences:

- Mensuration should be adjusted in inventories
- Expression of growth and productivity should be modified
- Specific models and factors should be developed

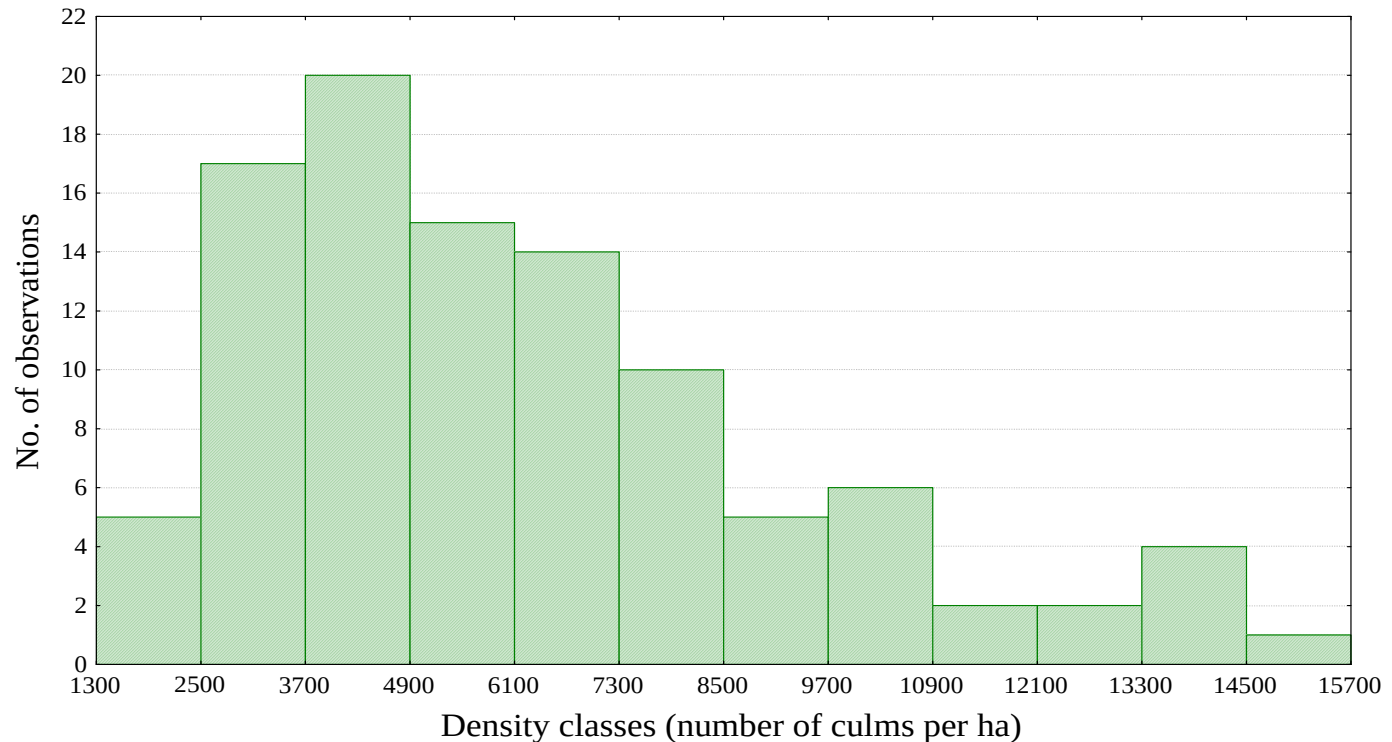


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Density of culms per ha

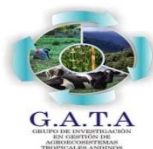


Distribution of stand density of sampled field plots. *G. angustifolia* inventory coffee region of Colombia.

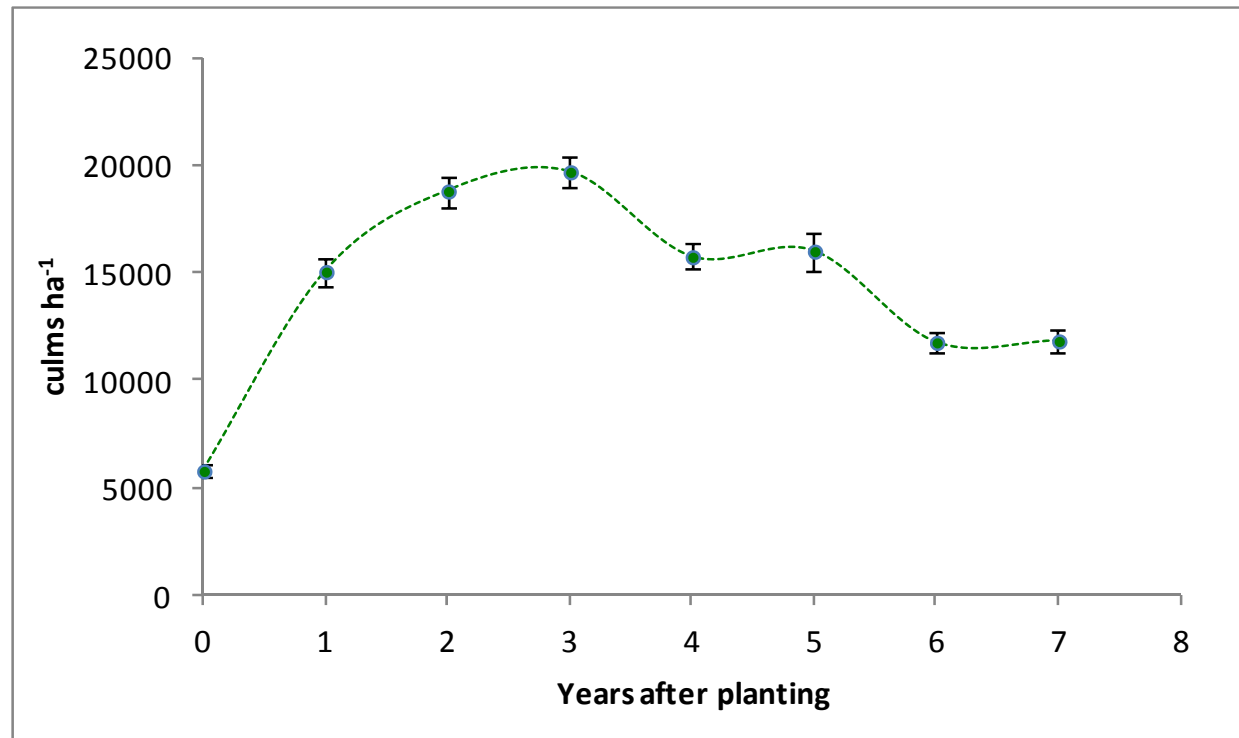


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Density of culms per ha

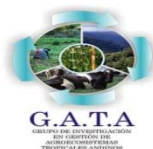


Culms per ha within a plantation of *G. angustifolia*. Coffee region of Colombia.

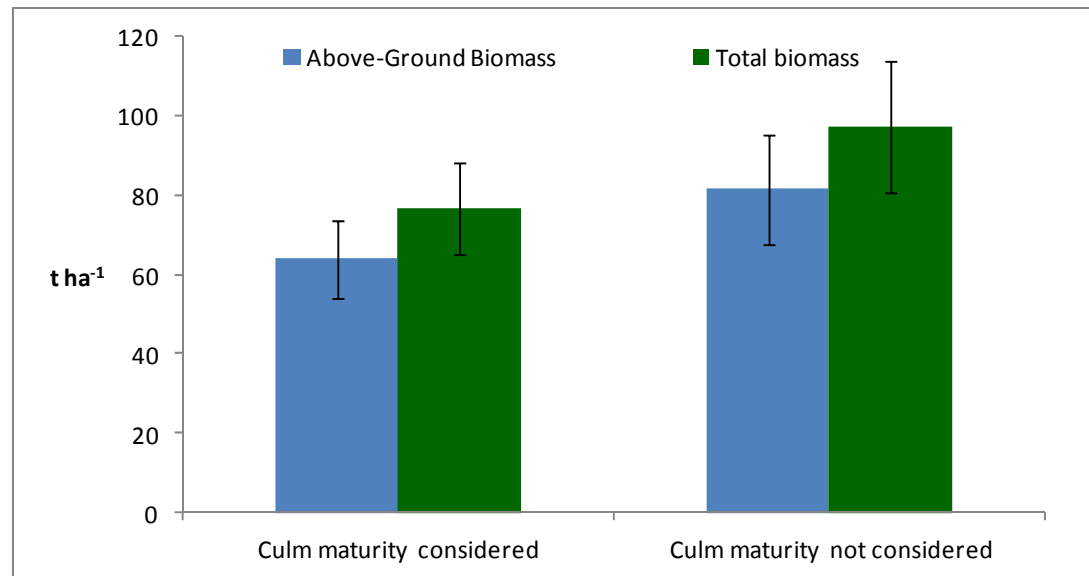


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Maturity of culms:



Total and above-ground biomass of a *G. angustifolia*.
Plantation . Coffee region of Colombia.

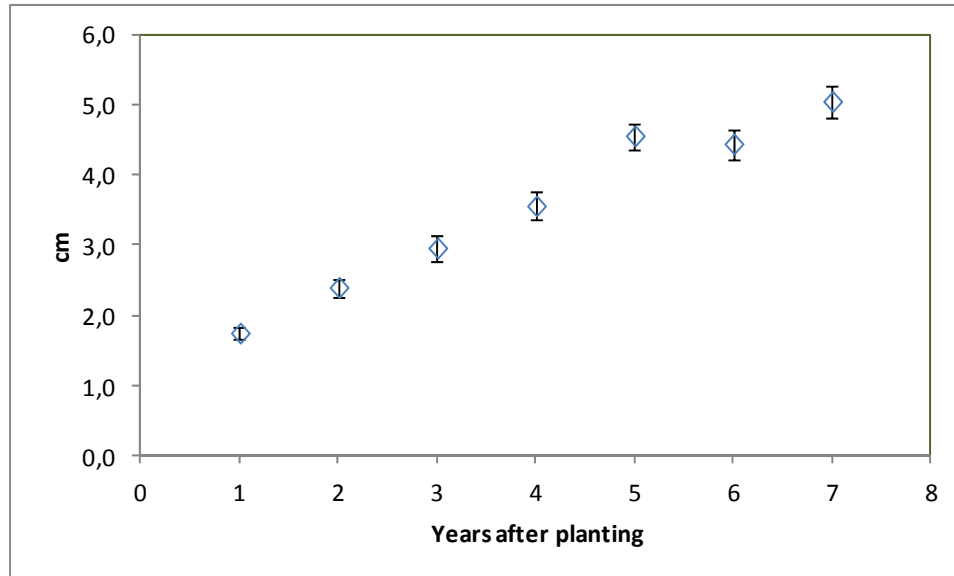


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Age (plantation vs natural):



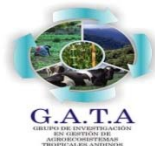
Year	Basal diameter	% of Total
1	1,7	62
2	2,4	20
3	3,0	5
4	3,6	12
5	4,6	2
6	4,4	43
7	5,0	1

Average basal diameter of new and largest culms of *G. angustifolia* plantation . Coffee region of Colombia.

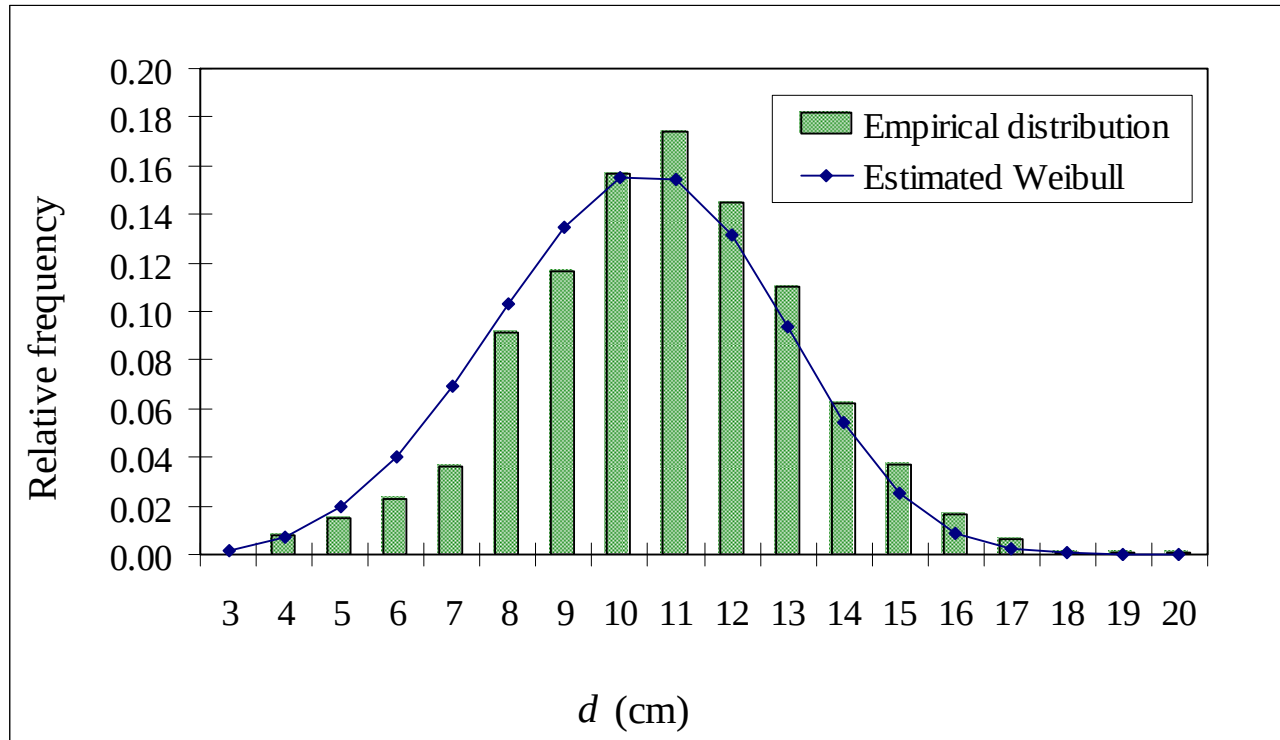


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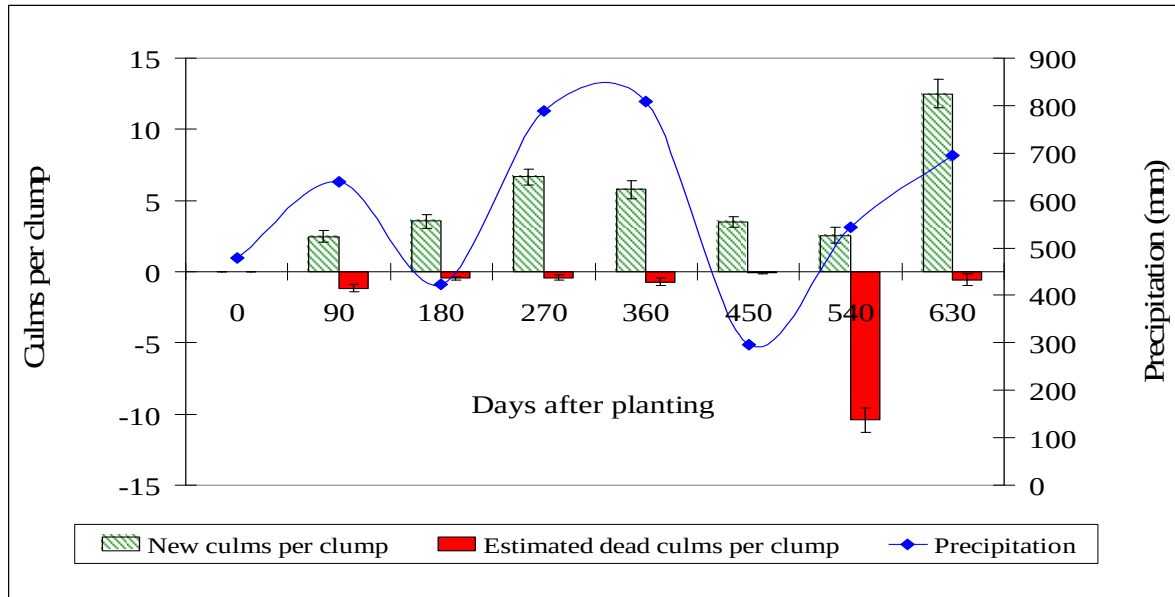


Age (plantation vs. natural):



Diameter distribution for the total number of sampled culms. The empirical distribution and the fitted Weibull function ($n=6242$). *G. angustifolia*. Natural stands coffee region of Colombia

Losses:

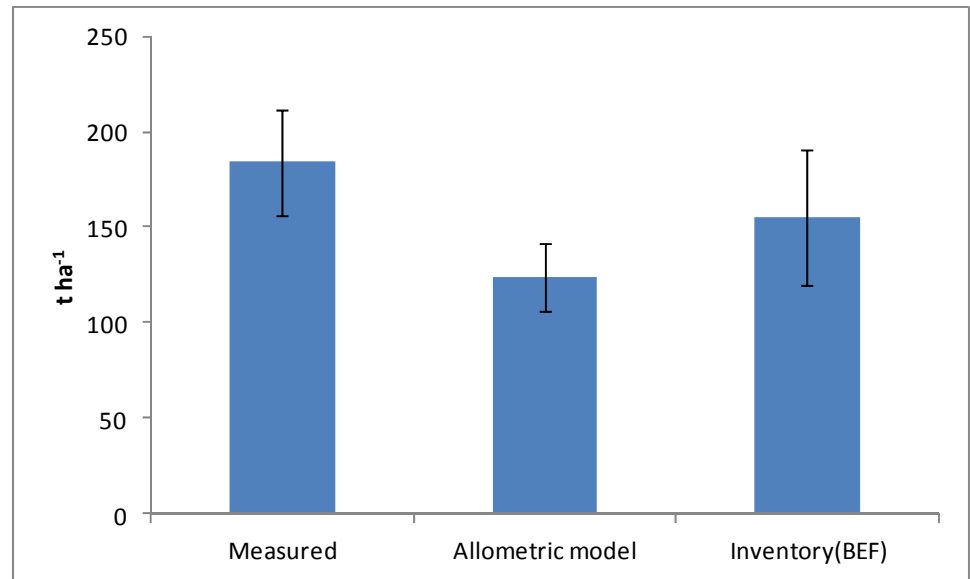


New (shoots) and estimated dead culms per clump over time, compared accumulated precipitation (mm) during the time prior to data gathering. Vertical bars indicate the standard error

Approaches



8,6 m



Biomass t ha⁻¹ of natural bamboo forests estimated by difference approaches: From destructive samples, fitting allometric model and BEF (volume, wood density).



Remote sensing images...

**In the framework of REDD+:
Forest degradation and
deforestation should be
demonstrated:**



Pressure
from nearby
land uses?

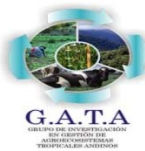


Urban expansion



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**Degradation
associated with
management?**



**Harvest is done on
selected culms (low
scale)**



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Opportunities from forest governance and forest planning



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Forest Governance



Forest Certification

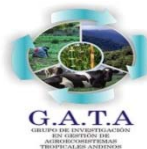


Experiences with Local governments

Proper Management



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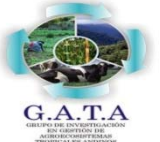
4. Final considerations

- Good estimates = good information= better decisions
- Guadua forests are more than carbon: other ecosystems services, products.
- Guadua products are the key for maintaining carbon stored (stable)
- The so called here: critical factors on bamboo carbon estimates, should be studied and analysed. Research should be addressed to these topics.
- Forest planning and forest governance can contribute with REDD initiatives.



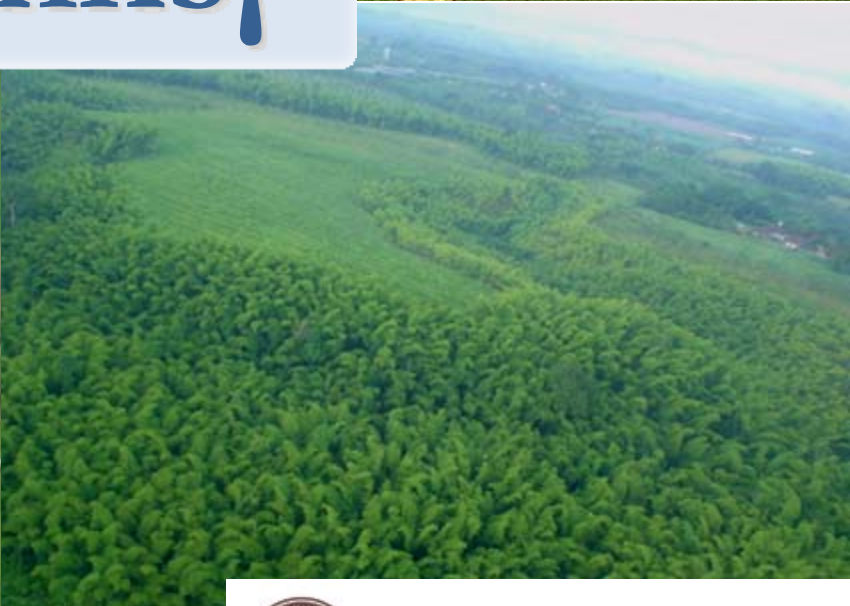
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